

# *Yankee Doodle*

# *Fanfareture*

for Full Orchestra

*by David DeBoor Canfield*

Complete Full Orchestra Instrumentation

- 1 - Large Score
- 1 - Flute I
- 2 - Flute II / Piccolo
- 1 - Oboe I
- 1 - Oboe II
- 1 - Clarinet I in Bb
- 1 - Clarinet II in Bb
- 1 - Bassoon I
- 1 - Bassoon II
- 2 - Horn I
- 2 - Horn II
- 2 - Horn III
- 2 - Horn IV
- 2 - Trumpet I in C
- 2 - Trumpet II in C
- 2 - Trumpet III in C

\* Full Score Available

- 2 - Trumpet I in Bb (Optional)
- 2 - Trumpet II in Bb (Optional)
- 2 - Trumpet III in Bb (Optional)
- 2 - Trombone I
- 2 - Trombone II
- 1 - Bass Trombone
- 1 - Tuba
- 1 - Timpani
- 4 - Percussion I & II
  - Suspended Cymbal, Crash Cymbals, Xylophone, Triangle, Snare Drum, Temple Blocks, Flexatone with beaters, Siren(s), Tam-Tam
- 10 - Violin I
- 10 - Violin II
- 8 - Viola
- 8 - Cello
- 6 - Double Bass

## **ABOUT THE MUSIC:**

Dedicated to the Indianapolis Symphony Orchestra in respect and appreciation.

*Yankee Doodle Fanfareture* (pronounced fan-fair-eh-chur) was written for the Bloomington Pops Orchestra in 2001 to inaugurate that year's Picnic with the Pops. The premiere was conducted by Robert Stoll. The piece, in the composer's judgment, was too long to be considered a fanfare, and too short to be named an overture, thus the concoction of the term *fanfareture*. The piece is short and to the point, utilizing the tune upon which it is based in various ways, including the use of snippets of it in sometimes discordant and comical fashion. The primary motivation for the piece was to have fun--whether in performance or in listening.

At the discretion of the conductor, the brass parts may be performed by 1-3 players per part.

## **ABOUT THE COMPOSER:**

The music of David DeBoor Canfield has been heard on five continents, and has been performed by some of the world's most accomplished soloists, including saxophonists Claude Delangle, Otis Murphy, Stephen Page, Timothy Roberts, Kenneth Tse, and the Zzyzx and Oasis Quartets; violinists Andres Cardenas and Rachel Patrick; pianists John O'Conor, David Brunell and Benjamin Boren, and ensembles such as the Indianapolis Symphony Orchestra, "The President's Own" United States Marine and United States Navy Bands, Orchestre de la Garde Republicaine, Columbus Indiana Philharmonic, Thailand Philharmonic Orchestra, and many others.

Canfield's music has won numerous accolades including first place in the Jill Sackler Composition Contest and the Dean's Prize from Indiana University. His music formed the basis of a three-day festival given by faculty and students of the University of Central Oklahoma in 2001, and has been featured at the World Saxophone Congresses of 2003, 2006, 2009 & 2012. His *Concerto after Khachaturian* opened the 4th International Khachaturian Festival in Yerevan, Armenia on October 6, 2016.

Canfield was born in Fort Lauderdale, Florida, on September 23, 1950. Early musical studies were with his father, John Canfield, and graduate studies in composition were undertaken at Indiana University, where Canfield studied primarily with John Eaton, as well as with Frederick Fox and Bernhard Heiden. He received his Master of Music in 1977 and Doctor of Music in 1983. His music is published by TRN, Jeanne, Inc., and Evensong Music, and has been recorded on the Albany, Bloomington Symphony Orchestra, Crystal, Enharmonic, Jeanne Digital Recordings, Move, MSR, Recherche, Toccata Classics, and US Navy Band labels. He is a member of ASCAP and the Christian Fellowship of Art Music Composers.



## Yankee Doodle Fanfareture

### Score in C

David DeBoor Canfield

**Allegro molto vivo** (♩=120) *tr*

Flute *ff* *tr*

Oboe

Clarinet *ff* *tr*

Bassoon *ff* *tr*

Horn *ff* *tr*

Trumpet *ff* *tr*

Trombone *f* *ff* *tr*

Tuba *f* *tr*

Timpani *fp* *f* *fp* *f*

Percussion *mf* *ff* *mf* *ff* *f* *mf*

**Allegro molto vivo** (♩=120)

Violin I *ff* *tr*

Violin II *ff* *tr*

Viola *ff* *tr*

Cello *ff* *tr*

Double Bass *ff* *tr*

6            7            8            9            A            11

I Fl. II  
Ob. I II Cl.  
Bsn. I II Hn. III IV  
Tpt. I II Tbn. III  
Tb. Timp.  
Perc. I II

Vln. I Vln. II Vla. Vcl. Cb.

**A**

*mf* *mf* *mp* *mp*

*f* *a2* *f*

*xylophone* *mp*

*pizz.* *mf* *div.* *mp* *unis.* *div.*

*mf* *mf* *mf* *mf* *mf* *mf*

*pizz.* *mf* *mf* *mf* *mf* *mf*

*arco* *mf*

12                    13                    14                    15                    16                    17

I Fl.  
II  
I Ob.  
II  
I Cl.  
II  
I Bsn.  
II

I II Hn.  
III IV  
I Tpt.  
II  
III  
I II Tbn.  
III  
Tb.

Timp.  
I  
Perc.  
II

Vln. I  
Vln. II  
Vla.  
Vcl.  
Cb.

18

I Fl. f

II Fl. f

I Ob. f

II Ob.

I Cl. f

II Cl.

I Bsn. mf

II Bsn. mf

I Hn. -

II Hn. -

III Hn. -

IV Hn. -

I Tpt. -

II Tpt. -

I Tbn. -

II Tbn. -

III Tbn. -

Tb. -

Timpani -

I Perc. -

II Perc. -

Vln. I arco mp

Vln. II arco mp

Vla. arco mp

Vcl. arco mp

Cb. arco mp

19

20

21

22

23

a2

a2 mf

f

div. unis.

<http://trnmusic.com>



29

30

31

C

33

34                    35                    36                    37                    38

Fl.  
 I  
 II  
 Ob.  
 I  
 II  
 Cl.  
 I  
 II  
 Bsn.  
 I  
 II  
 Hn.  
 II  
 III  
 IV  
 Tpt.  
 I  
 II  
 III  
 Tbn.  
 II  
 III  
 Tba.  
 Timp.  
 I  
 Perc.  
 II  
 Vln. I  
 Vln. II  
 Vla.  
 Vcl.  
 Cb.

39 40 41 D 43 44

I Fl. II  
I Ob. II  
I Cl. II  
I Bsn. II

Hn. III IV  
I Tpt. II  
I Tbn. II  
III Tb.

Timp.  
I Perc. II

Vln. I Vln. II Vla.  
Vcl. Cb.

**D**

p flute p p p

p p p

p

p

**a2**

**f** a2 **f**

**a2**

**f**

temple blocks

**mp**

1 solo

**mf**

1 solo

**mf**

pizz.

**mp**

45                    46                    47                    48                    49                    50

I Fl.  
 II  
 I Ob.  
 II  
 I Cl.  
 II  
 I Bsn.  
 II

II Hn.  
 III  
 IV  
 I Tpt.  
 II  
 III  
 I II Tbn.  
 III  
 Tb.  
 Timp.  
 I  
 Perc.  
 II  
 Vln. I  
 Vln. II  
 Vla.  
 Vcl.  
 Cb.

a2      div.      a2      div.      a2      div.      a2  
*f*      div.      *f*      div.      *f*      div.      *f*  
 a2      div.      a2      div.      a2      div.      a2  
*f*      div.      *f*      div.      *f*      div.      *f*  
 gliss.      *f*      *f*      crash cymbals      *mf*      snare drum      *f*  
 flexatone with beaters      Tutti      *f*  
 Tutti      *f*  
*f*  
*f*  
*f*  
*f*

E

51      53      54      55

I Fl.      II Fl.      I Ob.      II Ob.      I Cl.      II Cl.      I Bsn.      II Bsn.

Hn.      III      IV

Tpt.      2)      +3

Tbn.      II      III

Tb.      f      sim.

Timp.      crash cymbals

Perc.      I      II

Vln. I      ff

Vln. II      ff

Vla.      ff

Vcl.      ff

Cb.      ff      sim.

56 **Piú mosso**      57      58      59      60      61

I Fl.      II Fl.      I Ob.      II Ob.      I Cl.      II Cl.      I Bsn.      II Bsn.

a2      tr.  **$\alpha$**       mp      mf      tr.  **$\alpha$**       tr.  **$\alpha$**

I Hn.      II Hn.      III Hn.      IV Hn.      I Tpt.      II Tpt.      III Tpt.      I Tbn.      II Tbn.      III Tbn.      Tb.

a2      div.      mp      a2      div.      f      3)      div.      mf

Timp.      I Perc.      II Perc.

siren (2nd different siren ad libitum)      snare drum      mp      poco a poco cresc.

**Piú mosso**

Vln. I      Vln. II      Vla.      Vcl.      Cb.

mp      poco a poco cresc.      mf

mf

62 *tr* 63 *f* 64 *f* 65 *ff*  
 I Fl. II Fl.  
 I Ob. II Ob.  
 I Cl. II Cl.  
 I Bsn. II Bsn.  
 II Hn. III Hn. IV Hn.  
 I Tpt. II Tpt. III Tpt.  
 I Tbn. II Tbn. III Tbn.  
 Tb.  
 Timp.  
 I Perc. II Perc.  
 Vln. I Vln. II  
 Vla.  
 Vcl.  
 Cb.

Measures 62-65 show a dynamic transition from *tr* (trill) to *f* (forte) to *ff* (double forte). The woodwind section (Flutes, Oboes, Clarinets, Bassoons) plays eighth-note patterns. The brass section (Horns, Trombones, Tubas) and timpani provide rhythmic support. Percussion uses sustained notes and eighth-note patterns. The strings (Violins, Violas, Cellos, Double Bass) play eighth-note patterns throughout.

